

Record of individual Cabinet member decision

Local Government Act 2000 and the Local Authorities (Executive Arrangements) (Meetings and Access to Information) (England) Regulations 2012

Decision made by	Andrew Crawford
Key decision?	Yes
Date of decision (same as date form signed)	23 May 2022
Name and job title of officer requesting the decision	Trevor Gaffney Revenues and Benefits Manager
Officer contact details	Tel: 07821 637920 Email: <u>trevor.gaffney@southandvale.gov.uk</u>
Decision	To approve a scheme to determine and make awards under the government's Discretionary Energy Rebate Scheme in accordance with Government guidance. The scheme is targeting households on low incomes and those not covered by the main Council Tax Energy Rebate Scheme – 'the council tax rebate'.
Reasons for decision	 The government has introduced a council tax rebate in response to rising living costs. There are two distinct elements to the government's intervention: 1) A payment of £150 is to be made to all households living in council tax bands A-D, and 2) Funding for discretionary support to any household that is in financial need, regardless of council tax band. This decision is in respect of the second of these elements. The council's Discretionary Rebate Scheme will target households in receipt of Council Tax Support regardless of the council tax band of their property. This is consistent with Government guidance and supporting clarity from the Department of Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC). The council's scheme will cover all households in bands E to H in receipt of Council Tax Support which do not qualify for any payment under the main Council Tax Rebate Scheme, and will also provide some additional 'top up' support to all households on low incomes (bands A to D).

Alternative options rejected	Opting solely for an 'on application' approach was considered but dismissed, as take-up would be unknown but likely to be far lower than the alternative 'targeted' award. Households of low income (which is			
	where Government Guidance specifies this discretionary funding should be targeted) may also fail to make any application, especially if they are aware of the main Council Tax Energy Rebate Scheme.			
Climate and ecological implications	None.			
Legal implications	There are no legal implications emanating from this decision. Awards of the Council Tax Rebate will be made in accordance with DLUHC guidance.			
Financial implications	The awards of relief will be fully funded by Government , so will not be detrimental to the council. New burdens funding has been made available to help cover the administrative costs of implementing the relief.			
Other implications	None.			
Background papers considered	Government guidance/circulars/FAQs from DLUHC			
Declarations/c	None			
onflict of interest? Declaration of other councillor/offic er consulted by the Cabinet member?				
interest? Declaration of other councillor/offic er consulted by the Cabinet	Ward councillors	Name	Outcome	Date

T			T	
. –	v.uk			
	Climate and	n/a		
	biodiversity			
	climateaction@sou			
· —	thandvale.gov.uk			
	Diversity and	Lynne Mitchell	Agreed	23.05.2022
	equality			
	equalities@southa			
· —	<u>ndvale.gov.uk</u>			
	Health and safety	n/a		
1	healthandsafety@s			
	<u>outhandvale.gov.uk</u>			
	Risk and insurance	n/a		
	risk@southandvale			
	<u>.gov.uk</u>			
	Communications	Gavin Walton	Agreed	20.04.2022
	communications@			
1	southandvale.gov.u			
	<u>k</u>			
	Senior	Suzanne	Agreed	29.04.2022
	Management Team	Malcolm		
	ExecutiveSupportS			
	AV@southandvale.			
	gov.uk			
	No			
decision?				
If so, under which				
exempt category?				
Call-in waived				
by Scrutiny				
Committee				
chairman?				
Has this been				
discussed by				
Cabinet				
members?				
Cabinet				
portfolio				
holder's	Signature	And	lrew Crawford	
	D (05 0000	
To confirm the	Date	23.	05.2022	
decision as set out				
I decision as set out				

ONCE SIGNED, THIS FORM MUST BE HANDED TO DEMOCRATIC SERVICES IMMEDIATELY.

For Democratic Services office use only					
Form received	Date: 24 May 2022	Time: 13:42			
Date published to all councillors	Date: 24 May 2022				
Call-in deadline	Date: 31 May 2022	Time: 17:00			

Guidance notes

- 1. This form must be completed by the lead officer who becomes the contact officer. The lead officer is responsible for ensuring that the necessary internal consultees have signed it off, including the chief executive. The lead officer must then seek the Cabinet portfolio holder's agreement and signature.
- 2. Once satisfied with the decision, the Cabinet portfolio holder must hand-sign and date the form and return it to the lead officer who should send it to Democratic Services immediately to allow the call-in period to commence.

 Tel. 01235 422520 or extension 2520.

Email: democratic.services@southandvale.gov.uk

- 3. Democratic Services will then publish the decision to the website (unless it is confidential) and send it to all councillors to commence the call-in period (five clear working days) if it is a 'key' decision (see the definition of a 'key' decision below). A key decision cannot be implemented until the call-in period expires. The call-in procedure can be found in the council's constitution, part 4, under the Scrutiny Committee procedure rules.
- 4. Before implementing a key decision, the lead officer is responsible for checking with Democratic Services that the decision has not been called in.
- 5. If a key decision has been called in, Democratic Services will notify the lead officer and decision-maker. This call-in puts the decision on hold.
- 6. Democratic Services will liaise with the Scrutiny Committee chairman over the date of the call-in debate. The Cabinet portfolio holder will be requested to attend the Scrutiny Committee meeting to answer the committee's questions.
- 7. The Scrutiny Committee may:
 - refer the decision back to the Cabinet portfolio holder for reconsideration or
 - refer the matter to Council with an alternative set of proposals (where the final decision rests with full Council) or
 - accept the Cabinet portfolio holder's decision, in which case it can be implemented immediately.

Key decisions: assessing whether a decision should be classified as 'key'

The South Oxfordshire and Vale of White Horse District Councils' Constitutions now have the same definition of a key decision:

A key decision is a decision of the Cabinet, an individual Cabinet member, or an officer acting under delegated powers, which is likely:

(a) to incur expenditure, make savings or to receive income of more than £75,000;

- (b) to award a revenue or capital grant of over £25,000; or
- (c) to agree an action that, in the view of the chief executive or relevant head of service, would be significant in terms of its effects on communities living or working in an area comprising more than one ward in the area of the council.

Key decisions are subject to the scrutiny call-in procedure; non-key decisions are not and can be implemented immediately.

In assessing whether a decision should be classified as 'key', you should consider:

- (a) Will the expenditure, savings or income total more than £75,000 across all financial years?
- (b) Will the grant award to one person or organisation be more that £25,000 across all financial years?
- (c) Does the decision impact on more than one district council ward? And if so, is the impact significant? If residents or property affected by the decision is in one ward but is close to the border of an adjacent ward, it may have a significant impact on that second ward, e.g. through additional traffic, noise, light pollution, odour. Examples of significant impacts on two or more wards are:
 - Decisions to spend Didcot Garden Town funds (significant impact on more than one ward)
 - Changes to the household waste collection policy (affects all households in the district)
 - Reviewing a housing strategy (could have a significant impact on residents in many wards)
 - Adopting a supplementary planning document for a redevelopment site (could significantly affect more than one ward) or a new design guide (affects all wards)
 - Decisions to build new or improve existing leisure facilities (used by residents of more than one ward)

The overriding principle is that before 'key' decisions are made, they must be published in the Cabinet Work Programme for 28 calendar days. Classifying a decision as non-key when it should be a key decision could expose the decision to challenge and delay its implementation.